WO

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

United States of America v.			ORDER OF	ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL		
		Luis Manuel Norris	Case Number: _	CR-13-181-001-PHX-SRB		
	cordance are estat		- ','	been held. I conclude that the following		
×	-	clear and convincing evidence the defendant is a danger to the community and require the detention of the defendant ending trial in this case.				
×		reponderance of the evidence the defendant is a serious flight risk and require the detention of the defendant g trial in this case.				
			PART I FINDINGS OF FACT			
	(1)	- , , , , ,	he defendant has been convicted of a (f	ederal offense)(state or local offense that deral jurisdiction had existed) that is		
		a crime of violence as	s defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4).			
		an offense for which	the maximum sentence is life imprisonm	nent or death.		
		an offense for which	a maximum term of imprisonment of ten	years or more is prescribed in		
		a felony that was con described in 18 U.S.0	nmitted after the defendant had been co	nvicted of two or more prior federal offenses ate or local offenses.		
			ns are defined in section 921), or any oth	essession or use of a firearm or destructive ner dangerous weapon, or involves a failure		
	(2)	18 U.S.C. §3142(e)(2)(B): The offense described in finding 1 was committed while the defendant was on releas pending trial for a federal, state or local offense.				
	(3)	18 U.S.C. §3142(e)(2)(C): A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the (date of conviction)(release of the defendant from imprisonment) for the offense described in finding 1.				
	(4)	Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) will reasonably assure the sainot rebutted this presumption	fety of (an)other person(s) and the comr	no condition or combination of conditions munity. I further find that the defendant has		
			Alternative Findings			
	(1)	18 U.S.C. 3142(e)(3): There	is probable cause to believe that the de	fendant has committed an offense		
		for which a maximum	term of imprisonment of ten years or m	ore is prescribed in1		
		under 18 U.S.C. § 92	24(c), 956(a), or 2332b.			
		under 18 U.S.C. 158 prescribed.	1-1594, for which a maximum term of im	prisonment of 20 years or more is		
		an offense involving a	a minor victim under section	.2		
	(2)	The defendant has not rebutte	ed the presumption established by findir			

¹Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 et seq.); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).

 $^{{}^{2}} Insert \ as \ applicable \ 18 \ U.S.C. \ \S\$1201, \ 1591, 2241-42, \ 2244(a)(1), \ 2245, \ 2251, \ 2251A, \ 2252(a)(1), \ 2252(a)(2), \ 2252(a)(3, \ 2252(a)(4), \ 2260, \ 2421, \ 2422, \ 2423, \ or \ 2425.$

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(1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will flee; no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required.		
(2)	No condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of others and the community.		
(3)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will (obstruct or attempt to obstruct justice) (threaten, injure, or intimidate a prospective witness or juror).		
(4)			
	PART II WRITTEN STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DETENTION (Check one or both, as applicable.)		
(1)	I find that the credible testimony and information ³ submitted at the hearing establishes by clear and convincing evidence as to danger that:		
(2)	I find that a preponderance of the evidence as to risk of flight that:		
	The defendant has no significant contacts in the District of Arizona.		
	The defendant has no resources in the United States from which he/she might make a bond reasonably calculated to assure his/her future appearance.		
×	The defendant has a prior criminal history.		
×	There is a record of prior failure to appear in court as ordered.		
	The defendant attempted to evade law enforcement contact by fleeing from law enforcement.		
	The defendant is facing a minimum mandatory of incarceration and a maximum of		
The d	efendant does not dispute the information contained in the Pretrial Services Report.		

³The rules concerning admissibility of evidence in criminal trials do not apply to the presentation and consideration of information at the [detention] hearing. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). See 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) for the factors to be taken into account.

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\boxtimes	In addition:
	Defendant has prior felony offenses and multiple violations of parole, and abuses illegal substant

The Court incorporates by reference the findings of the Pretrial Services Agency which were reviewed by the Court at the time of the hearing in this matter.

PART III -- DIRECTIONS REGARDING DETENTION

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his/her designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

PART IV -- APPEALS AND THIRD PARTY RELEASE

IT IS ORDERED that should an appeal of this detention order be filed with the District Court, it is counsel's responsibility to deliver a copy of the motion for review/reconsideration to Pretrial Services at least one day prior to the hearing set before the District Court. Pursuant to Rule 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P., effective December 1, 2009, Defendant shall have fourteen (14) days from the date of service of a copy of this order or after the oral order is stated on the record within which to file specific written objections with the district court. Failure to timely file objections in accordance with Rule 59(a) may waive the right to review. 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if a release to a third party is to be considered, it is counsel's responsibility to notify Pretrial Services sufficiently in advance of the hearing before the District Court to allow Pretrial Services an opportunity to interview and investigate the potential third party custodian.

DATED this 23th day of February, 2013.

Michelle H. Burns United States Magistrate Judge